

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Arrival at Baltimore of vessels from West Indian and South American ports.

BALTIMORE, MD., January 11, 1902.

SIR: I have to report the arrival at this port of the following vessels, from the ports named, for the week ended this day: January 6, British steamship *Aldborough*, from Daiquiri, Cuba, with ore. January 8, Norwegian steamship *Bogstad*, from Santiago de Cuba, with ore.

Respectfully,

WM. F. STONE, Collector.

BALTIMORE, MD., January 18, 1902.

SIR: I have to report the arrival of the following vessels at this port for the week ended this day: January 13, American barkentine *Good News*, from Rio de Janeiro, with coffee; British steamship *Yestor*, from Santiago de Cuba, with ore. January 17, Norwegian steamship *Sanna*, from Daiquiri, with ore.

Respectfully,

T. E. CUNNINGHAM, Special Deputy Collector.

REPORTS FROM THE MEXICAN BORDER.

Eagle Pass, Tex., January 14, 1902—Inspection service.—I have the honor to report the following transactions at this port for the week ended January 11, 1902: Number of passenger trains from Mexico inspected, 7; number of passengers on trains from Mexico inspected and passed, 206; number of passengers detained, none.

B. KINSELL,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

El Paso, Tex., January 11, 1902—Inspection service.—I have the honor to transmit the following summary of transactions at this station for the week ended January 11, 1902: Inspection of Mexican Central Railroad passengers, 169; inspection of Rio Grande and Pacific Railroad passengers, 24; inspection of immigrants, 62; disinfection of cattle hides imported from Mexico, 860; vaccination of immigrants and their children, 6.

E. ALEXANDER,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

ALABAMA—Birmingham.—Month of December, 1901. Census population, 38,415. Total number of deaths, 86, including enteric fever, 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

California—Los Angeles.—Month of December, 1901. Estimated population, 120,000. Total number of deaths, 194, including enteric fever, 2, and 26 from tuberculosis.

Oakland.—Month of December, 1901. Estimated population, 75,000. Total number of deaths, 93, including diphtheria, 4, and 9 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Santa Cruz.—Year ended December 31, 1900. Estimated population, 10,000. Total number of deaths, 120, including enteric fever, 3 and 30 from tuberculosis.